

[Updated Constantly]

HERE

[Introduction to Linux II – Chapter 08 Exam Answers 2019 + PDF file](#)

1. The daemon associated with the *cron* utility is called the _____ daemon.
 - *cdaemon*
 - *crondaemon*
 - ***crond***
 - *cron*
2. The *crontab* command can be used to:
 - Create crontab files
 - Remove crontab files
 - List crontab files
 - **All choices are valid**
3. System *crontabs* are generally found in which of the following directories?
 - */root; /etc*
 - ***/var/spool/cron; /etc/cron.d***
 - */etc; /bin*
 - */var/spool/cron.d; /etc/cron*
4. All commands that are run from system *crontabs* require root privileges.
True or False?
 - True
 - **False**
5. Commands specified in a *crontab* file will run only if the root user is logged in.
True or False?
 - True
 - **False**
6. In the time fields of a *crontab* file entry, a _____ is used to denote a range of values.
 - ()
 - []
 - -
 - /
7. The *crontab* keyword *@reboot* implies that the job runs:
 - **Once, at startup**

- Once a day
 - Every time a user logs in
 - Each time the *crond* daemon starts
8. The system administrator wants to create a *crontab* entry to perform daily backups. Which of the following keywords should be used?
- *@today*
 - ***@daily***
 - *@backup*
 - Cannot be done
9. The system administrator wants to check the status of a database every hour. Which of the following *crontab* entries will ensure that the script runs every hour (on the hour) from 8AM to 5PM, Monday through Friday?
- ***00 08-17 * * 1-5 /home/appuser/bin/check-db-status***
 - *00 08-05 * * 1-5 /home/appuser/bin/check-db-status*
 - *00 08-17 * * 00 /home/appuser/bin/check-db-status*
 - *00 08-17 * * 5 /home/appuser/bin/check-db-status*
10. Which of the following commands can be used to view the current contents of a *crontabfile*?
- ***crontab -l***
 - *crontab -p*
 - *crontab -r*
 - *crontab -v*
11. Which of the following commands can be used to remove all the *crontab* entries?
- ***crontab -r ****
 - *crontab -v*
 - *crontab -l*
 - *crontab -p*
12. Refer to following cron job entry:*0 9-18 * * * /home/joe/bin/check-db-status*The job...
- **Executes *check-db-status* on all days between 9 AM and 6 PM**
 - Executes *check-db-status* Monday to Friday between 9 AM and 6 PM
 - Executes *check-db-status* at every hour on all days
 - Executes *check-db-status* at every hour on Monday to Friday
13. How would you schedule a *cron* job to run every second?
- By using the keyphrase *@second*
 - Create 60 jobs which run every minute
 - **Using a *cron* job, it is not possible to schedule a job which runs every second**

- By putting an entry similar to * * * * * <job>
14. A Linux server, configured for the UTC time zone, is accessed by users from other time zones. The *cron* jobs scheduled on the server will run:
- As per the time zone of location where the server is kept
 - As per the time zone of respective users
 - **As per UTC time zone**
 - As per the *TZ* environment variable setting in the *crontab* file
15. The *crond* daemon can be restarted using the command `/etc/init.d/crond restart`
- False
 - **True**
16. The system administrator wants to allow certain users to access the *crontab* command but not others. This can be done by:
- Add account name(s) to have access in the system *crontab* file
 - Selective access is not possible
 - Granting them root privileges
 - **Managing entries in *cron.allow* and *cron.deny* files**
17. A Linux system has entries in both the *cron.allow* and *cron.deny* files. Which users, other than root, will have access to the *crontab* command?
- **Users specified in *cron.allow* have access to *crontab*; *cron.deny* will be ignored**
 - Only root will have access to *crontab*
 - All users except those specified in the *cron.deny* file will have access to *crontab*
 - Users specified in *cron.allow* but not included in *cron.deny* will have access to *crontab*
18. Only 5 out of 100 Linux users in ABCajun Corp need access to *crontab*. The administrator should:
- Create *cron.deny* and add all the users in the file
 - **Create *cron.allow* and add those five users to the file**
 - Create *cron.deny* and add those five users in the file
 - Create both *cron.allow* and *cron.deny* files. Add five users in *cron.allow* and remaining ninety five in *cron.deny*
19. A Linux server may not be powered-on all the time. Which of the following options is most suitable to run scheduled jobs on this server?
- ***anacron***
 - *cron*
 - *cron.allow*
 - *cron* jobs with only daily jobs
20. What does the delay field in an *anacrontab* entry signify?

- The command should wait for a specified number of minutes after running the previous command
 - The command should delay the processing by a specified number of minutes
 - The command should wait for a specified number of seconds after the machine starts
 - **The command should wait for a specified number of minutes after the machine starts**
21. To force a job to be run irrespective of its timestamp, the anacron command can be used with which of the following options?
- -n
 - **-f**
 - -s
 - -u
22. The *cron* scheduler should be used if the jobs are to be run at a particular hour and minute. True or False?
- **True**
 - False
23. A one-time job needs to be scheduled for a specific time. Which of the following commands is most suitable for the task?
- **at**
 - anacron
 - cron
 - batch
24. Pam wants to schedule a one-time task using the *at* command and receive an email once it is complete. Which of the following *at* command options should she use?
- **-m**
 - -f
 - -v
 - -x
25. After executing the *atq* command, the following jobs are displayed:
- 2 2014-11-22 22:00 a test_user**
- 3 2014-11-22 20:00 a root**
- 4 2014-11-22 22:45 a oracle_dba**
- Which of the following commands will delete job #2?
- *atrm test_user*
 - *test_user* should manually delete the entry
 - ***atrm 2***

- at -r 2

26. The *at.allow* and *at.deny* files can be used to control access to:

- **at and batch commands**
- anacron
- at command only
- All programs used for scheduling

27. Rob has to schedule a job to accomplish a one-time task. He wants to run the job during off-peak hours only. Which of the following is most suitable to schedule this task?

- cron
- at
- **batch**
- anacron

28. batch commands are executed only when the system's load average drops below which of the following by default?

- 1.0
- 0.5
- **0.8**
- 0.2

29. The default value for load average for running the batch command can be changed using which of the following commands?

- atd -o
- **atd -l**
- atd -n
- It cannot be changed